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PROBLEMS RELATED TO THE IMPROVEMENT OF ECONOMIC MANAGEMENT IN ROMANIA

(Probleme privitoare la îmbunătăţirea conducerii economice în România)

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Originating in the movement for the scientific organization of production and of labour, which occurred in the period of transition to monopolist capitalism, the function of management and, in close connection with the practice of management, the science of management, have crystallized approximately up to the Second World War and to the period immediately following it.

The science of management, which studies and yields scientific solutions to the problems linked to the efficient fulfilment of the function of management, requires a favourable climate allowing the application of its principles on national scale as well as at the branch and enterprise level. Such a climate can only be found in socialist countries, where socialist ownership makes possible the planning of economy down to the enterprise level, thus removing the existing obstacles and limitations in the capitalist countries.

The measures concerning management, recommended by the Romanian Party and State highest bodies involve all the fields and branches of economy, thus opening up wide prospects for the function and science of management.

Starting from the measures adopted along this line, the author stresses the necessity of intensifying the concern for drawing up several variants of the plan, in order to choose the best one, to determine the interbranch balance, to draw up the centralized financial State plan, as well as to ensure a higher flexibility of the plan, thus allowing its adaptation to the actual requirements.

Second in importance is the improvement in the use of the key factors operating by means of the financial control, among which the main part is held by the financial-banking system.

One of the foremost problems is also the prices forming and their setting in order to meet the demands of the law of value, i.e., the prices should, on the whole, correspond to the social production costs incorporated in the respective commodity.

Taking into account the fact that in Romania the enterprise is the basic unit of national economy, the author considers the following as being the main fields involved by the improvement in the enterprise management: improvement of organizational structure; consistent application of economic self-management; setting up of boards of direc-

tion as organisms of collective management; promotion of the principle of an ever increasing participation of the workers in the management of the people's property, in the enterprise management, as well as the development of the creative initiative of the workers. Particular attention is granted to the industrial centrals now being experimented and to the part they are to play in improving production activity.

The improvement of economic management is considered to be the main instrument in order to raise economic efficiency and the central task of Romanian economy at the present stage.